



# Team A2: UltraLight Final Presentation

July 21st, 2020

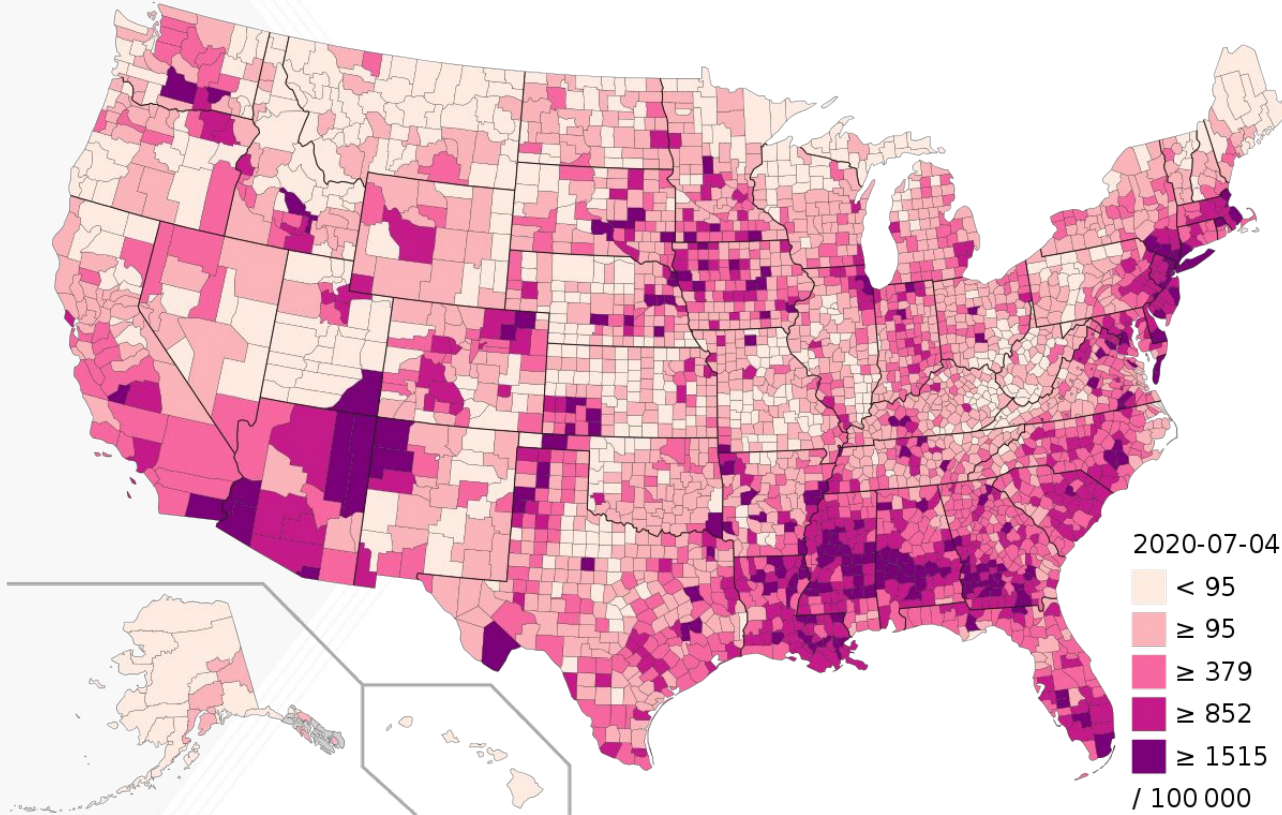
Chad Foster, Audrey Gillen, Nolan Gulledge, Clark Jacobs, Keegan Smeenck, William Tran



# Background



# Problem Background



COVID-19 Cases in the United States [2]

**~4,000,000**  
confirmed  
cases

**~140,000**  
thousand  
confirmed  
deaths [1]

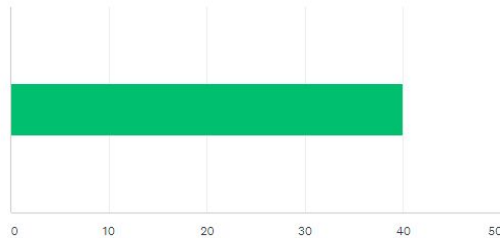


# Problem Background

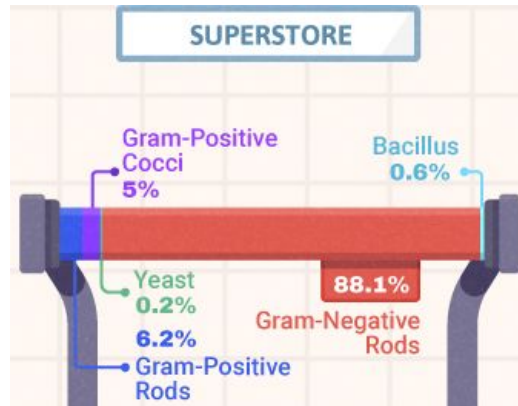
- Shopping carts have been shown to have a **higher bacteria count per square foot than bathroom surfaces**, and may even be home to fecal matter. [3] [4]
- In addition to these bacterial threats, current **pandemic concerns** are changing the shopping experience. [5]

On a scale of 1 to 100, with 1 being dirty and 100 being clean, how clean do you think shopping carts and baskets are ?

Answered: 145 Skipped: 0



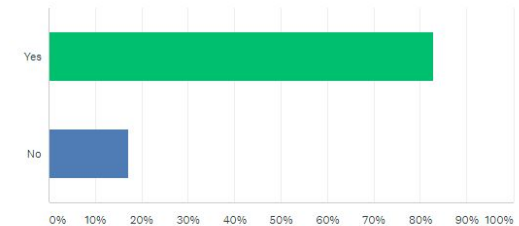
Total Respondents: 145



[3]

If a grocery store can implement a system to sanitize shopping carts, would you shop there more often than stores that don't?

Answered: 145 Skipped: 0



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	82.76%	120
No	17.24%	25
TOTAL	145	



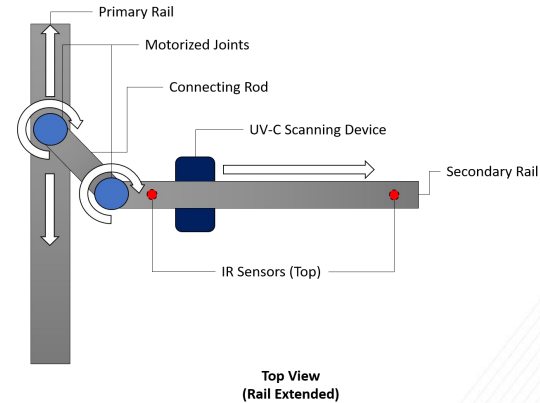
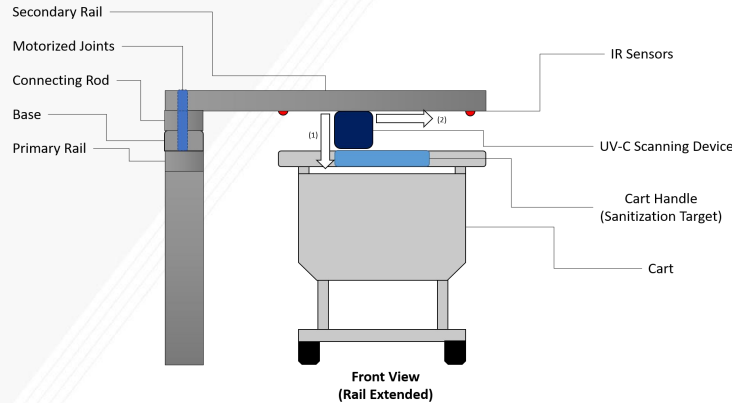
# Problem & Customer Needs Statement

- A way to eliminate bacteria and viruses on **commonly contacted surfaces** becomes critical to ensuring the **welfare** of shoppers and employees, and **operational capacity** of stores. [6]
- To ensure the health of their businesses, retail and grocery stores must be able to **ensure the health of their customers** (the most loyal of whom are often the most vulnerable), **inspire confidence** in their ability to continue operation in a post COVID-19 world, and **do their part** to prevent possible future pandemics. [7] [8]
- **GOAL: Reduce pathogen spread within grocery stores by focusing on the disinfection of one of the most commonly contacted surfaces**



# Solution: UltraLight Sanitizing System

- UV-C ultraviolet germicidal light for sanitizing cart handles
- System placed in cart return to sanitize stored carts
- Linear actuator system for translation to carts
- Rotational component to allow for deviations in cart orientation
- Ultrasonic sensors for detection of cart handle
- **99.9% disinfection rate in 35 seconds**



*Preliminary Design*



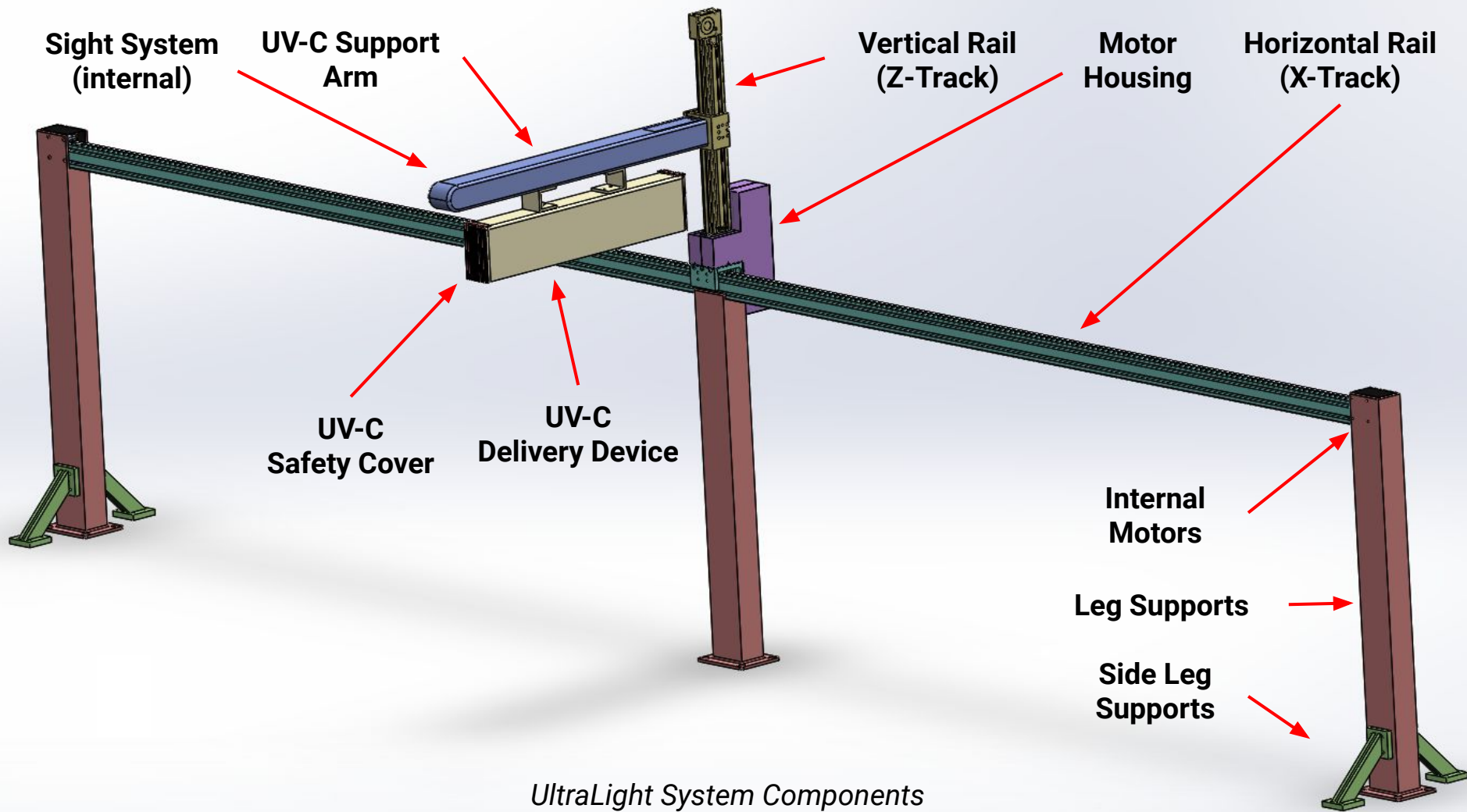
# Solution





*UltraLight System Setup*

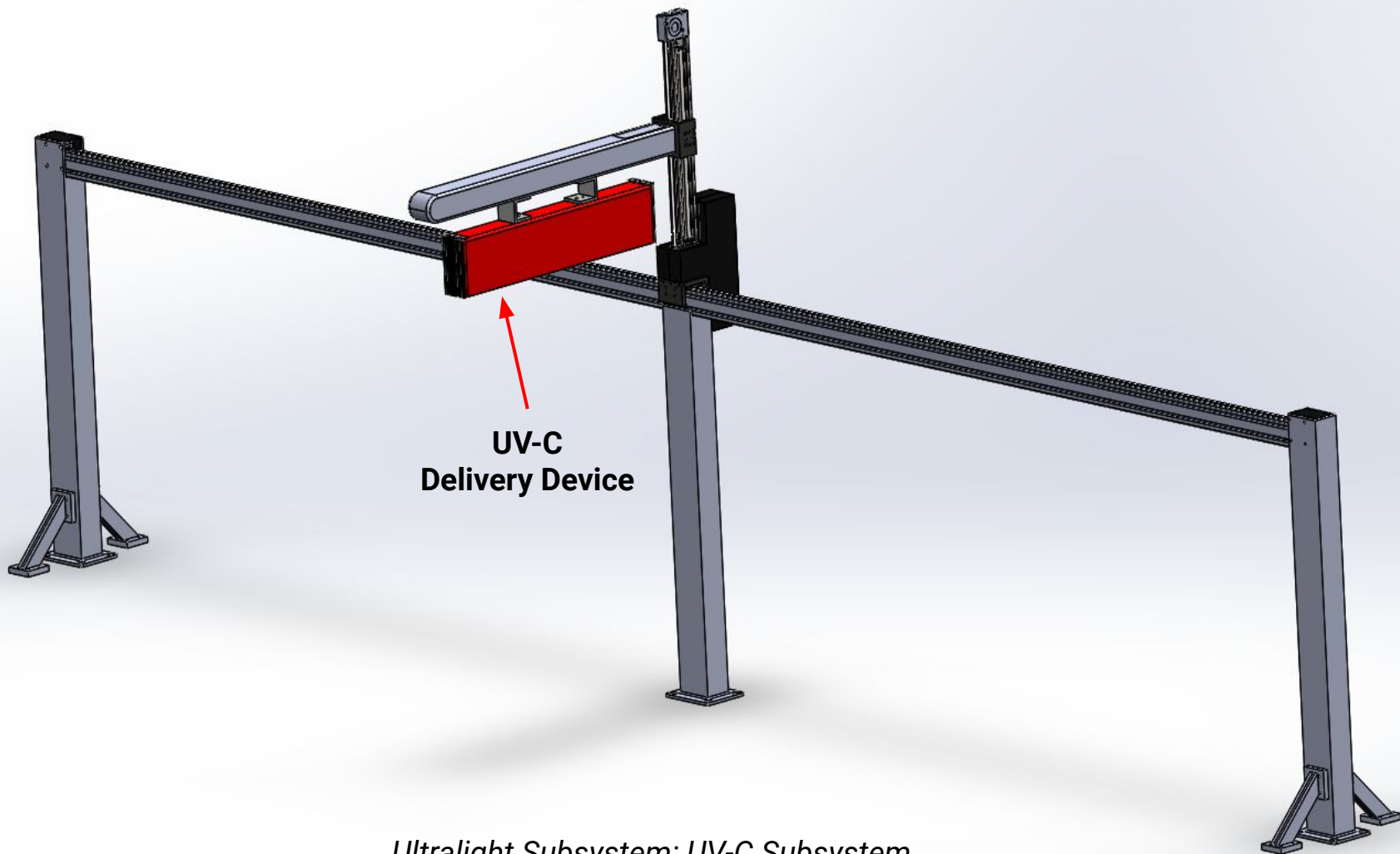






# UV-C Subsystem





**UV-C  
Delivery Device**

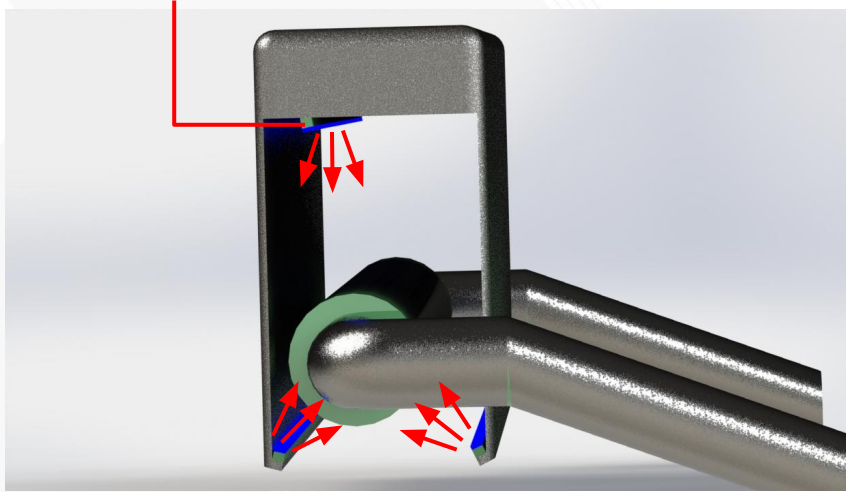
*Ultralight Subsystem: UV-C Subsystem*



# UV-C Subsystem

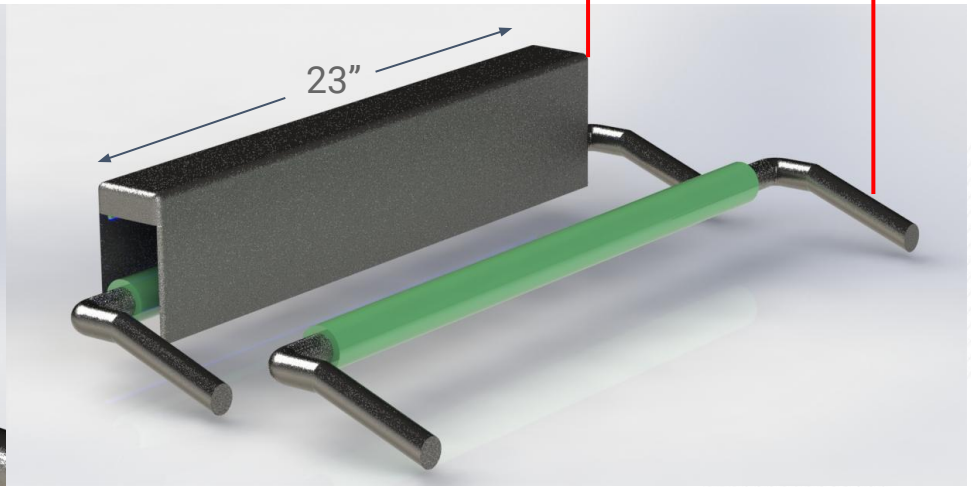
- “**Heart**” of the system
- UV-C Delivery Device delivers ultraviolet light to the **entire circumference** of cart handle
- Positioning ensures full surface area application without line of sight from below
- Geometrically optimized operation for various carts (**Walmart, Kroger, Publix, and Sprouts**)

UV-C LED Rows



UV Delivery Device Frame

Cart Handle

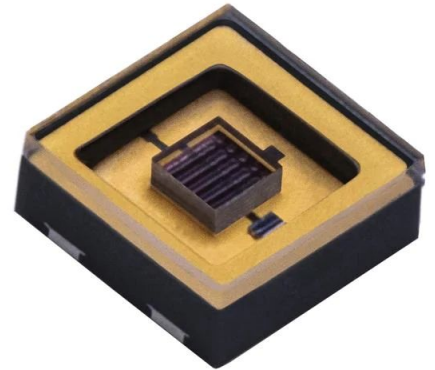


UV-C Subsystem



# UV-C LED Design Choice

- LED bulbs are more expensive per unit of delivered power than fluorescent bulbs, but have multiple beneficial properties
  - Higher Efficiency
  - Long Lifetime
  - Small Geometry
  - No Warm-Up Time
  - No Cyclical Usage Degradation
- **Benefit: Smaller, More Powerful Lights**



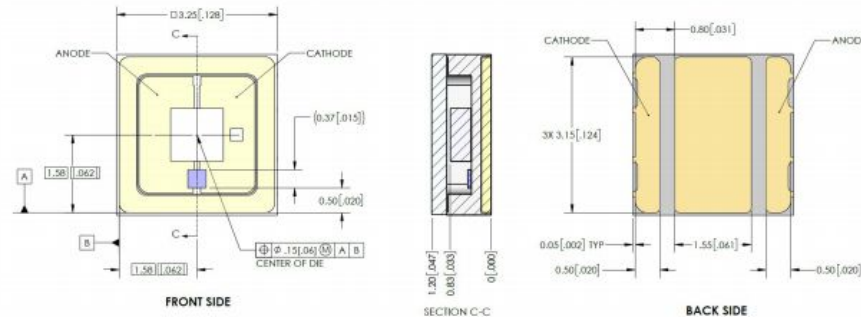
*UV-C LED Illustration*



# UV-C LED Design Choice

- LED Choice: Luminous XBT-3535-UV Surface Mount UVC LED [9]
  - Broke price barrier at **\$0.10/mW**, for lowest cost on market [10]
  - UV-C power: **80 mW**
  - Size: 3.5 mm x 3.5 mm x 1.2 mm
  - Viewing Angle: 130°

## Mechanical Dimensions



*Luminous XBT-3535-UV Dimensions*



# UV-C Delivery Device

- Design Parameters:
  - Triangular configuration for least number of rows of LEDs to deliver UV-C light to the **entire circumference** of the cart handle
  - Fits within gap provided, with clearance of  **$\pm 0.06$  inches** both vertically and horizontally to account for the linear actuator resolution
  - Bottom light rows oriented so that 130° view factor is contributing only to the cart handle, and **not visible from ground**
- Optimized using SOLIDWORKS **geometric constraints** to achieve fully defined parameters



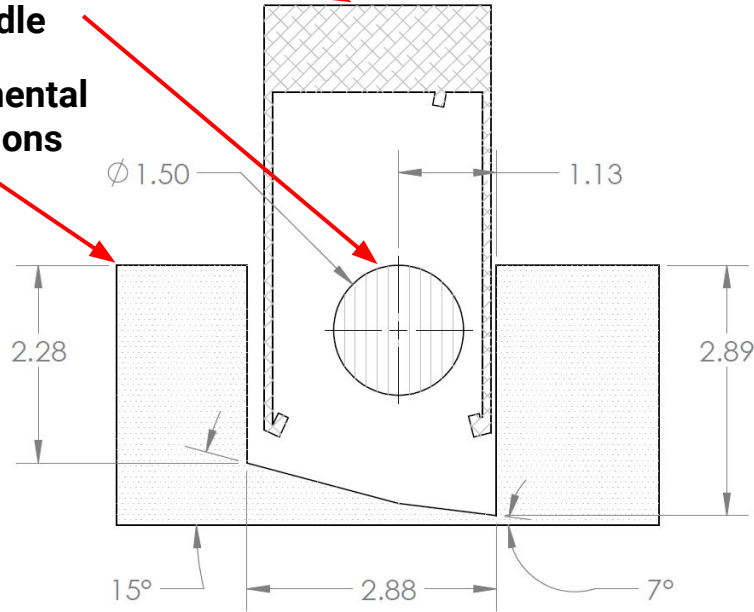
# UV-C Delivery Device

UV-C Delivery Device

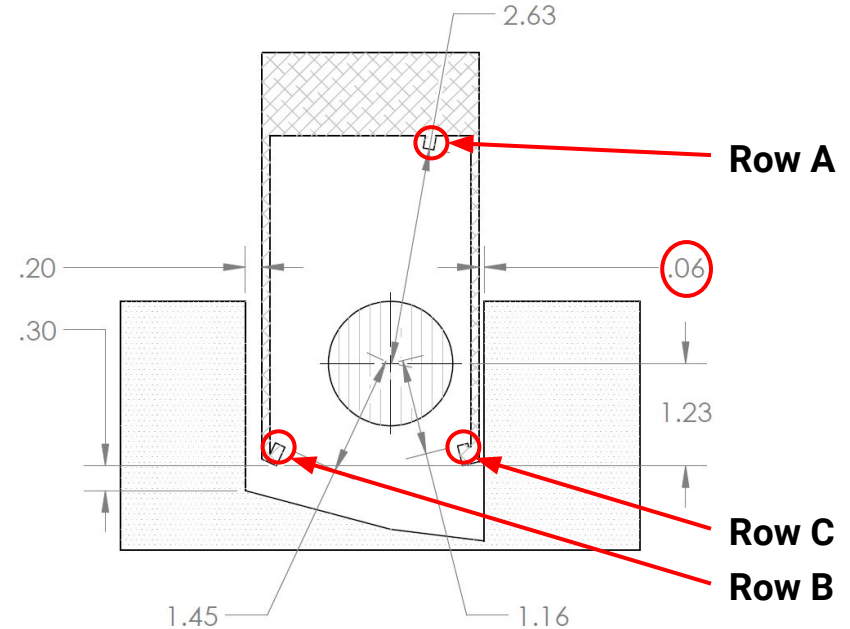
(All Dimensions in Inches)

Cart Handle

Environmental  
Obstructions



*Cross Section: Spatial Envelope*

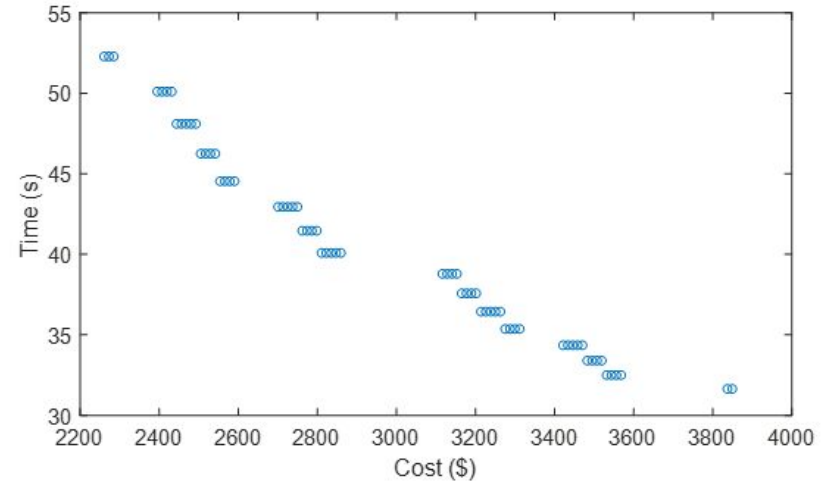


*Cross Section: Distances & Tolerances*



# LED Optimization

- Developed an algorithm to optimize disinfection time to deliver irradiance using the **Inverse Square Law**
  - **35 s @ \$3,837.08**
  - **95 mJ/cm<sup>2</sup>** for 99.9% disinfection rate [11]
  - Allowable handle diameters: **0.75" to 1.5"**
  - Allowing for rate of **10% degradation** in LED power output



*Disinfection Time per Handle vs. Cost of UV-C LEDs*

- Total LEDs: 314
  - Row A: 164 LEDs
  - Row B: 90 LEDs
  - Row C: 60 LEDs



# LED Optimization

- **Assumptions:**

- Inverse Square Law valid for light source (**distance dependent**)
- Maximum number of LEDs on furthest row for **minimum time**

- **Calculations:**

- Calculated **time for LED row at maximum distance** to achieve 95 mJ/cm<sup>2</sup> on the cart handle surface
- Calculated **equivalent power** (number of evenly spaced LEDs) to achieve the same time value for other rows, at varying distances

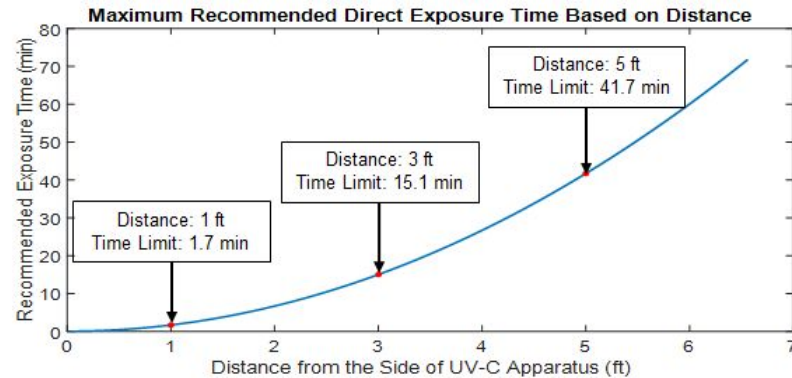
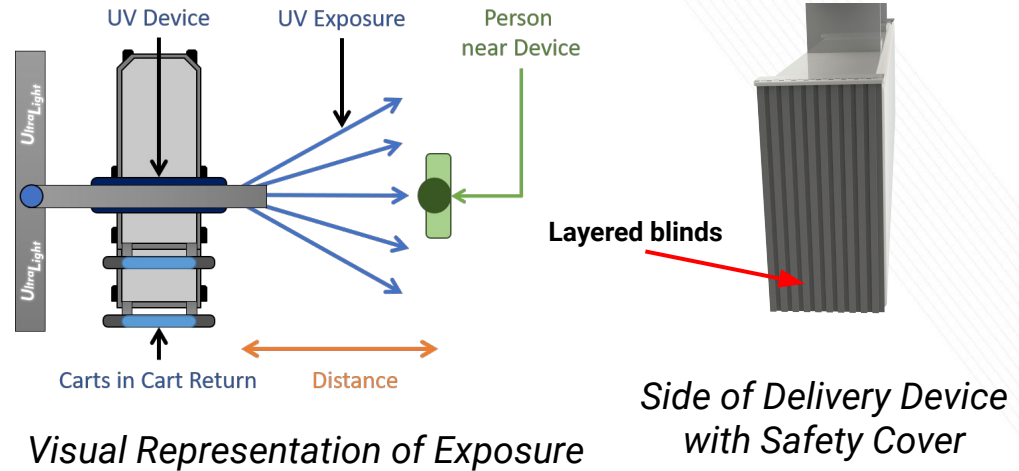
- **Considerations:**

- Allowed for maximum distance of 1.5" inches, minimum distance of 0.75", to account for **range of diameters** needed
- Allowed for **degradation** of power output, subject to change across the lifetime of the bulb



# UV-C Safety

- Referenced CDC and ASHRAE guidelines on safe UV-C exposure [12]
- Designed **safety cover** for sides of UV-C delivery device **to limit exposure**
- Experimental data required to gage safety cover **effectiveness**
- Evaluated exposure times from Row B and C for “**worst-case**” scenario, without safety cover

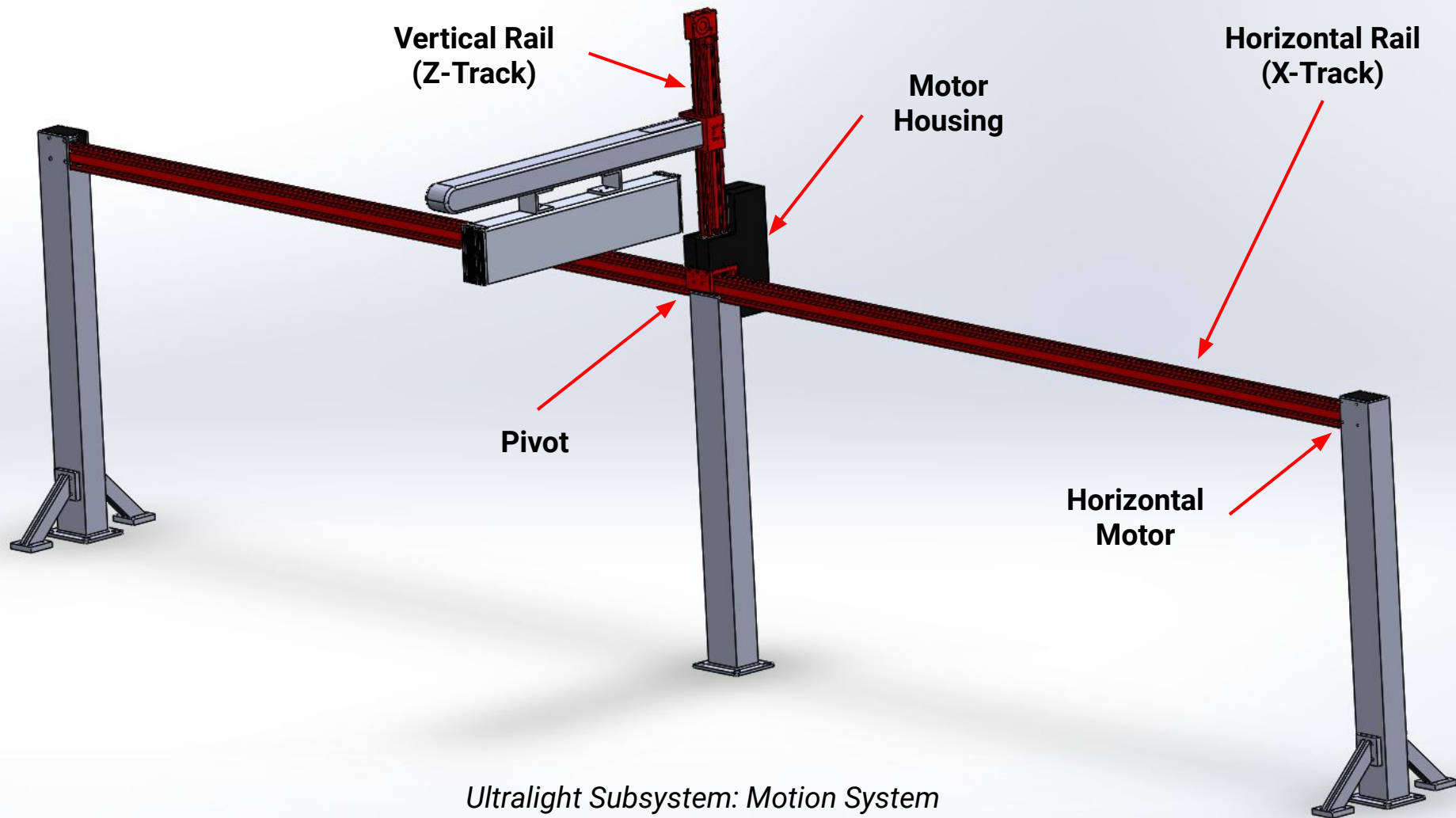


“Worst-Case” Direct Exposure Limits



# Motion System

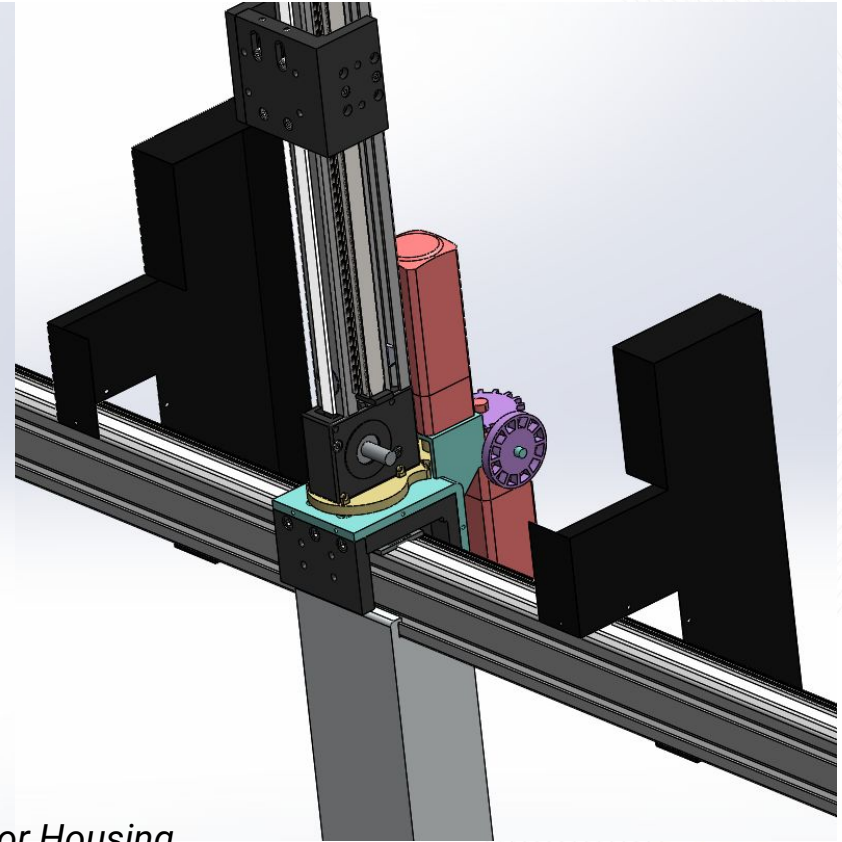
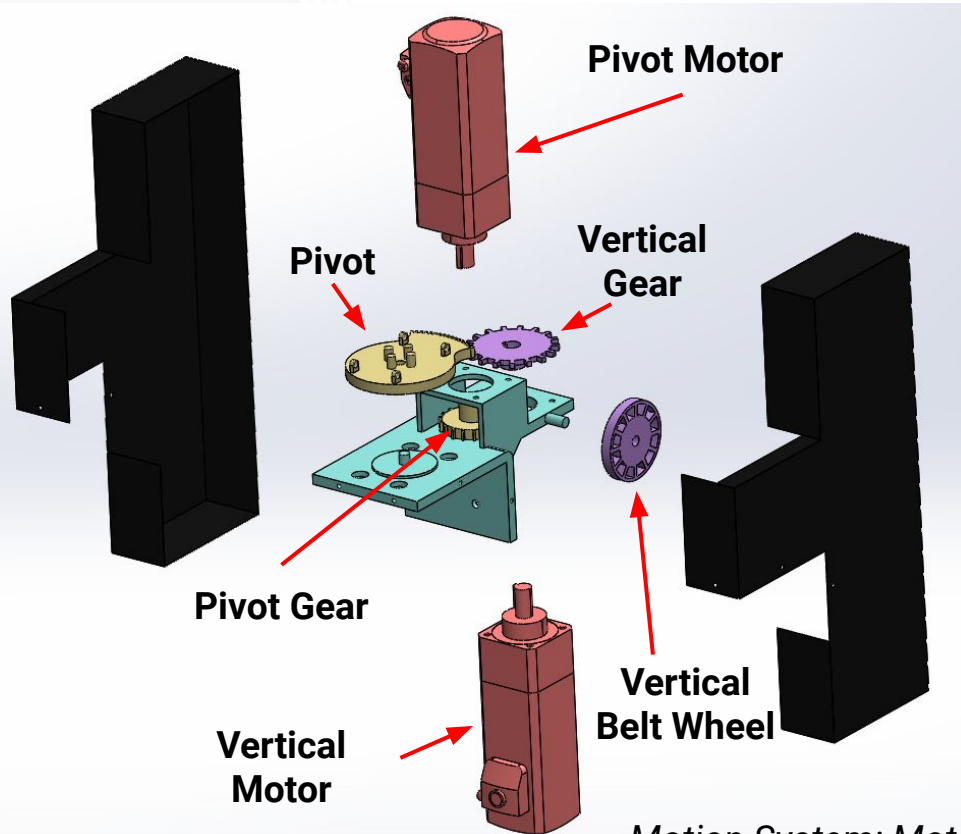




*Ultralight Subsystem: Motion System*



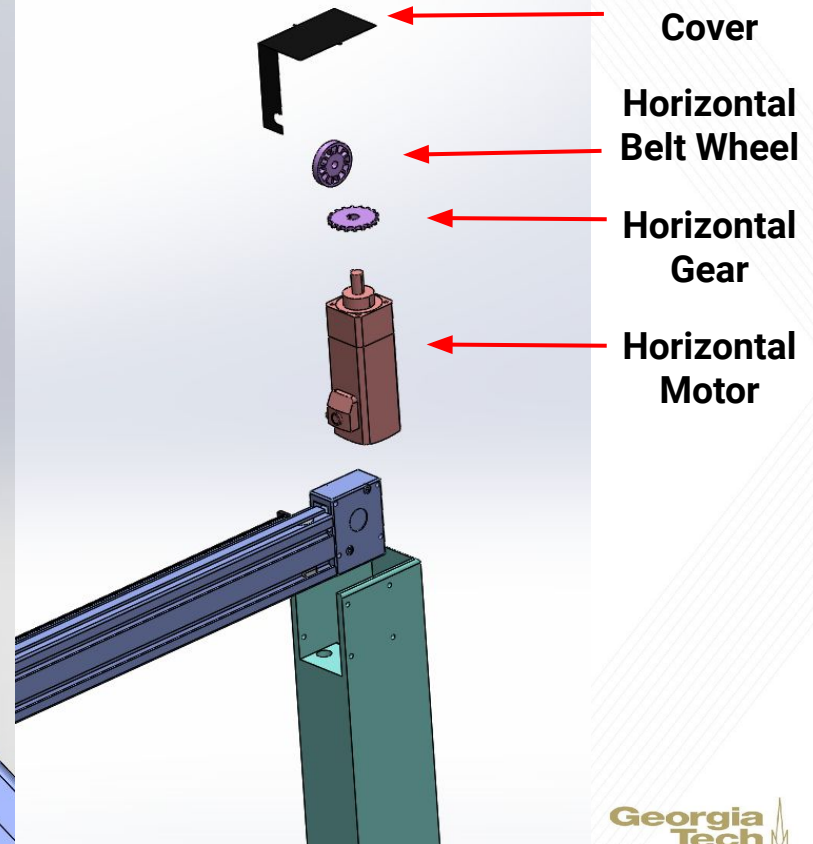
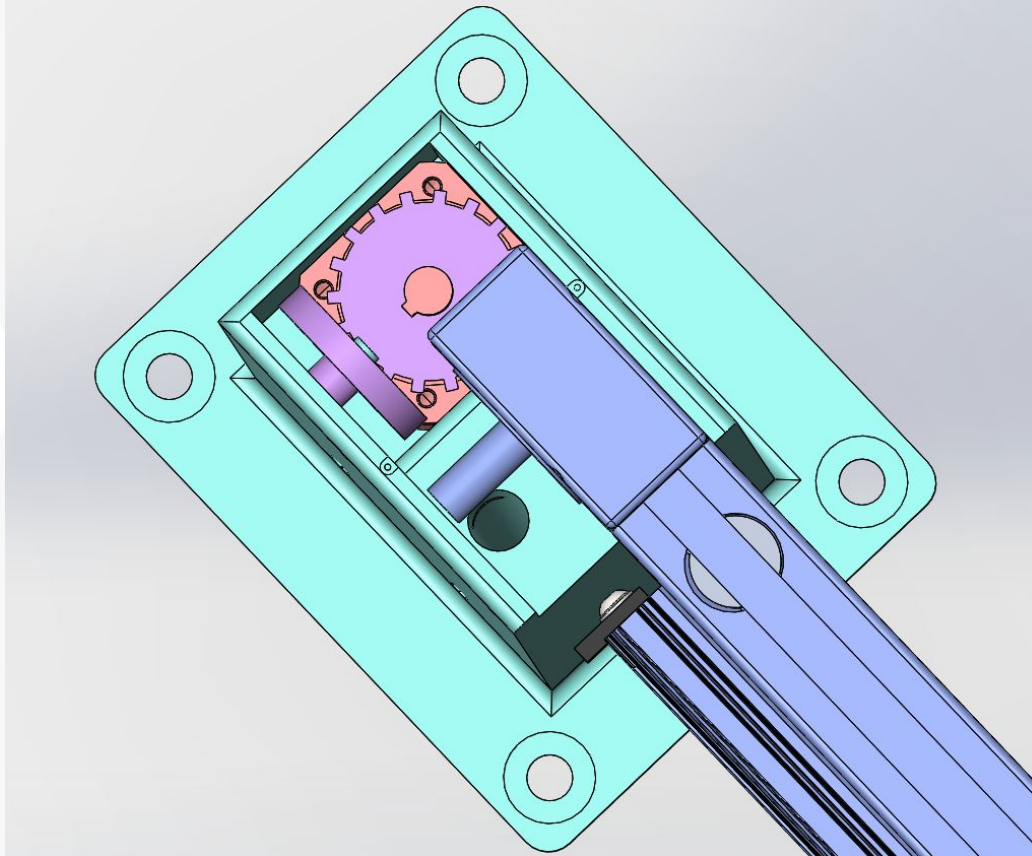
# Motor Housing



*Motion System: Motor Housing*



# Horizontal Motor



*Motion System: Horizontal Motors*



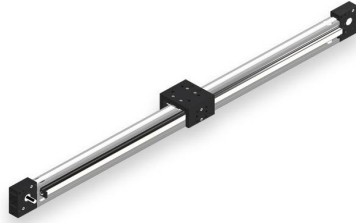
# Motion System

- “Muscles” of the system
- Allow the UV-C delivery device to **move to the cart handles**
- Motors drive the vertical and horizontal rails to position the UV-C device
- Pivot allows the UV-C device to rotate and **accurately orient** itself over cart handle before dropping



*Oriental Motor ARM46AC-PS25*

[13]



*Macron Dynamics Inc.:*

*MSA-R15 Actuator*

[14]



*Oriental Motor ARM66AC-N25*

[15]



# Motion System

- **Macron Dynamics MSA-R15** Actuator chosen for both **vertical** and **horizontal** rails.
- Resolution of 0.4 mm/m
- Customizable rail lengths to account for variations



*Macron Dynamics Inc.:  
MSA-R15 Actuator*

## Specifications

Motion	Horizontal or Vertical
Max Speed – horizontal [vertical] – mm/sec	5000 [5000]
Max Load – horizontal [vertical] – lbs.	50 [25]
Repeatability – mm	+/- 0.025
Moment Load Max – in.-lbs. [Nm]	310 [35]
Positional Accuracy – mm/meter	+/- 0.4
Acceleration max – G's	20
Ultimate tensile strength of belt – lbs. [N]	800 [3559]
Recommended belt running load – lbs. [N]	200 [889]
Cart Guide	Linear bearing with profile rail

[14]



# Motion System

## Horizontal Rail and Pivot

ARM46AC-PS25, 1.65 in. Closed Loop  
Stepper Motor

- Required **torque** of 1.5 Nm
- **Resolution**: 0.0144 °/Pulse
- Stop Position **Accuracy**:  $\pm 4$  arc minutes ( $\pm 0.067^\circ$ )



*Oriental Motor ARM46AC-PS25*



# Motion System

## Vertical Rail

ARM66AC-N25, 2.36 in. Closed Loop Stepper Motor

- Required **torque** of 6.57 Nm
- **Resolution**: 0.0144 °/Pulse
- Stop Position **Accuracy**:  $\pm 4$  arc minutes ( $\pm 0.067^\circ$ )

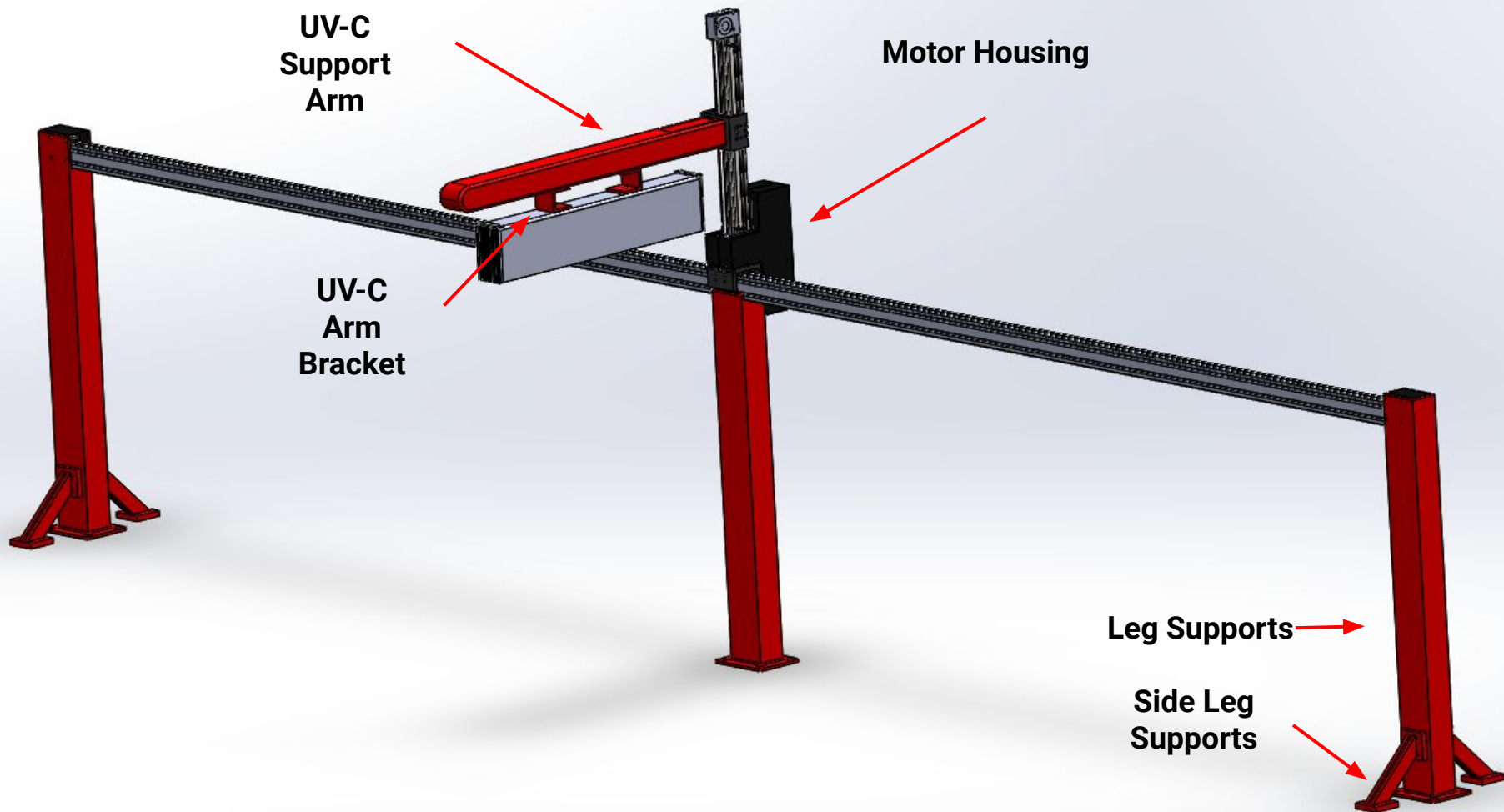


*Oriental Motor ARM66AC-N25*



# Support System



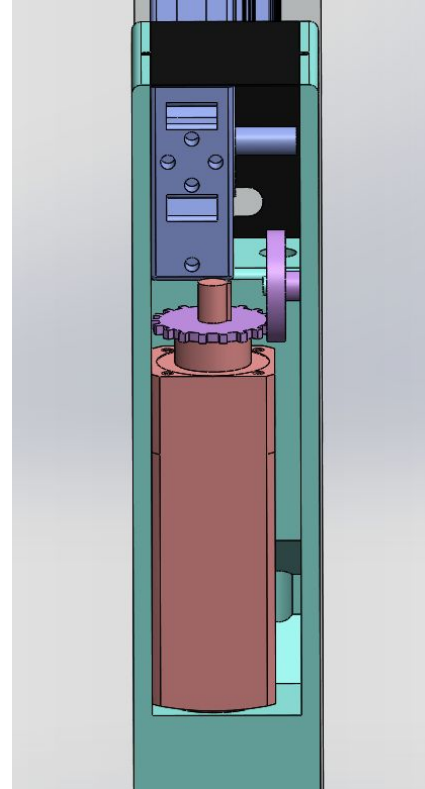


*Ultralight Subsystem: Support System*



# Support System

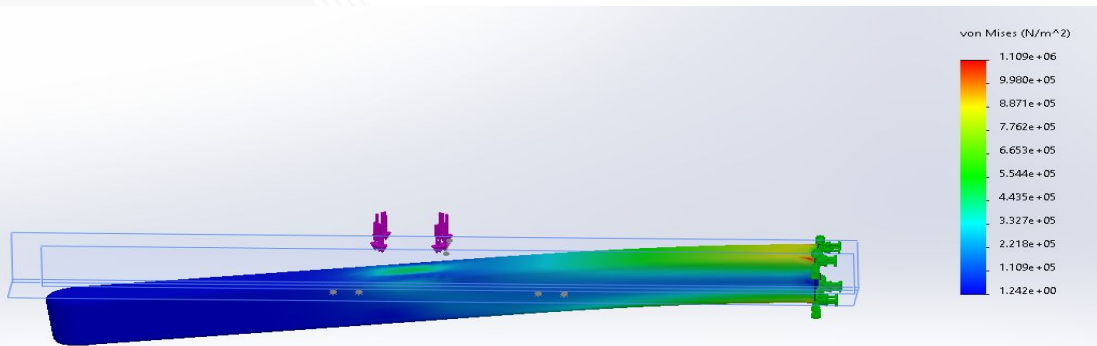
- “Skeleton” of the system
- **Support** and **house** the motion system and enables stability of the structure
- Custom designed to achieve specific support goals
- Designed iteratively to ensure appropriate support
  - Can a **250 lb person** lean on the rails?



*Support System: Support Leg Cross  
Section*

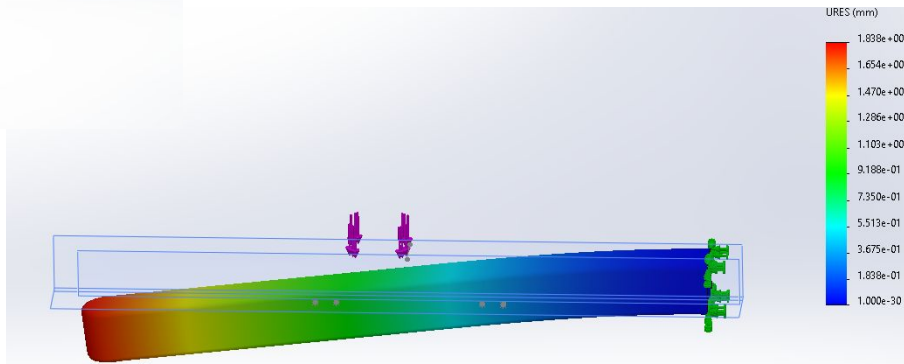


# FEA- Support Arm



*UV-C Support Arm:  
Stress Analysis*

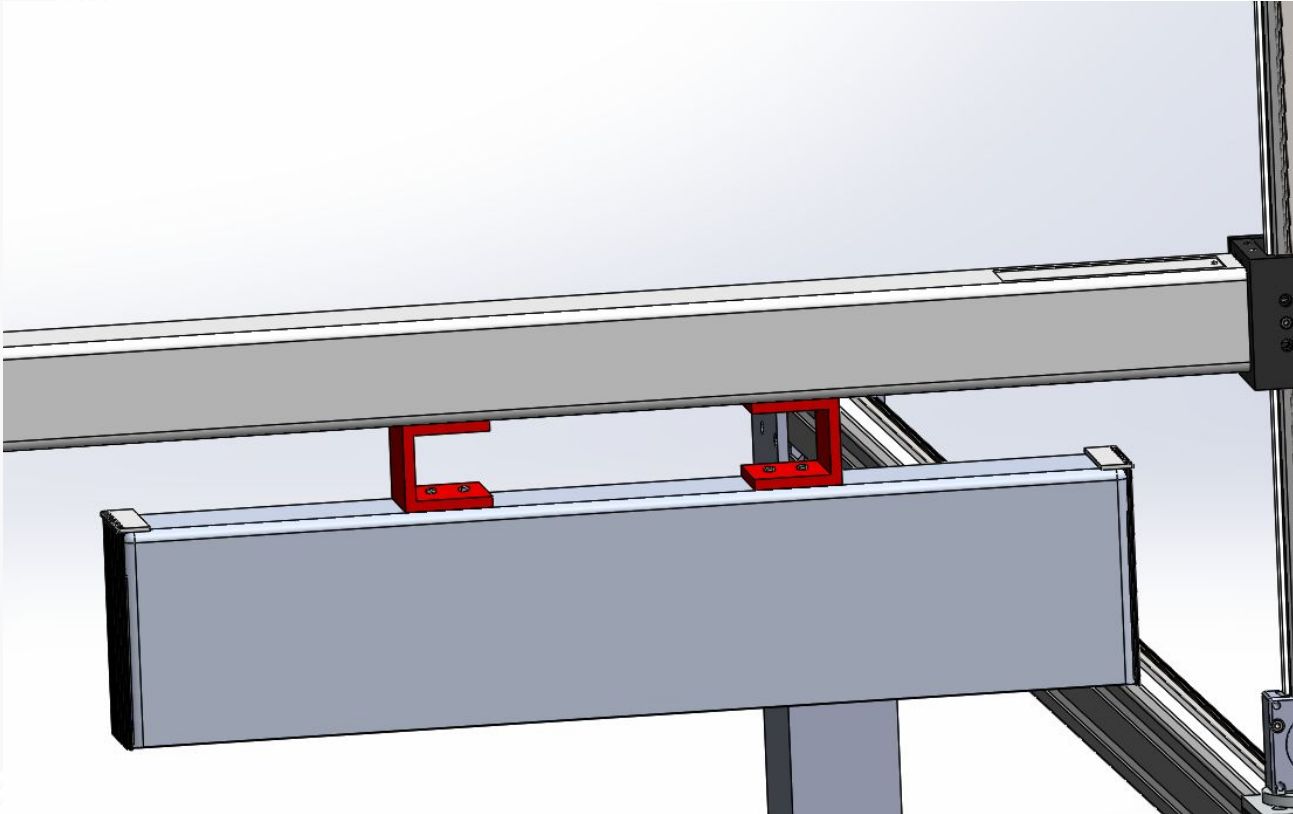
Elongation at Break	10 - 50 %
Elongation at Yield	1.7 - 6 %
Flexibility (Flexural Modulus)	1.6 - 2.4 GPa
Hardness Shore D	100
Stiffness (Flexural Modulus)	1.6 - 2.4 GPa
Strength at Break (Tensile)	29.8 - 43 MPa
Strength at Yield (Tensile)	29.6 - 48 MPa
Toughness (Notched Izod Impact at Room Temperature)	200 - 215 J/m
Toughness at Low Temperature (Notched Izod Impact at Low Temperature)	20 - 160 J/m
Young Modulus	1.79 - 3.2 GPa



*UV-C Support Arm:  
Amplitude Analysis*



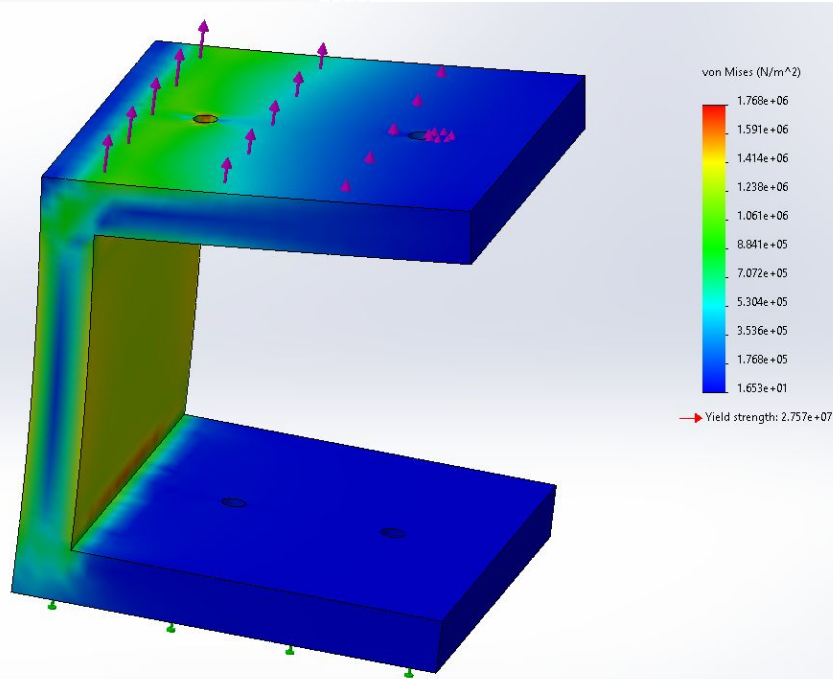
# FEA- UV Bracket



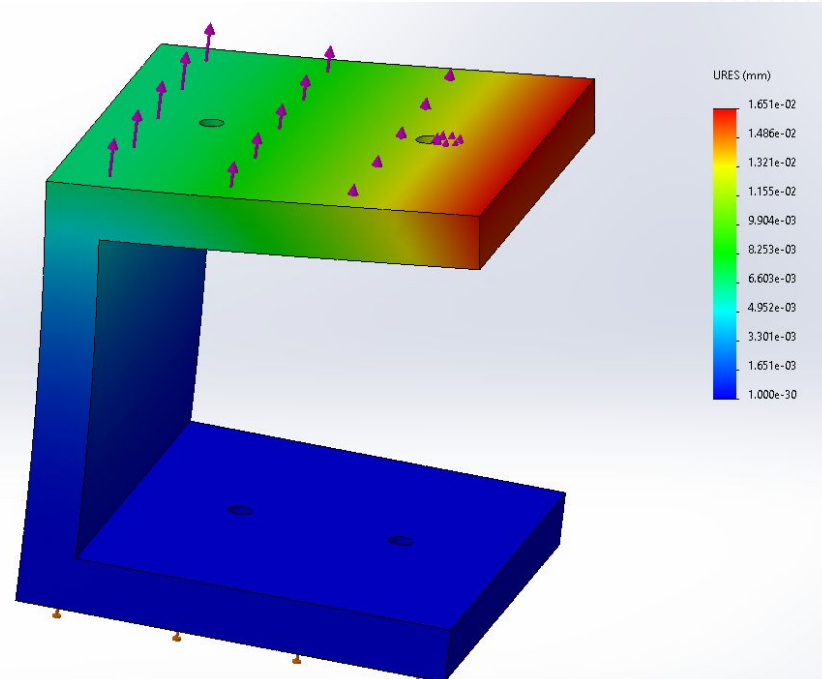
*Support System: UV Brackets*



# FEA - UV Bracket



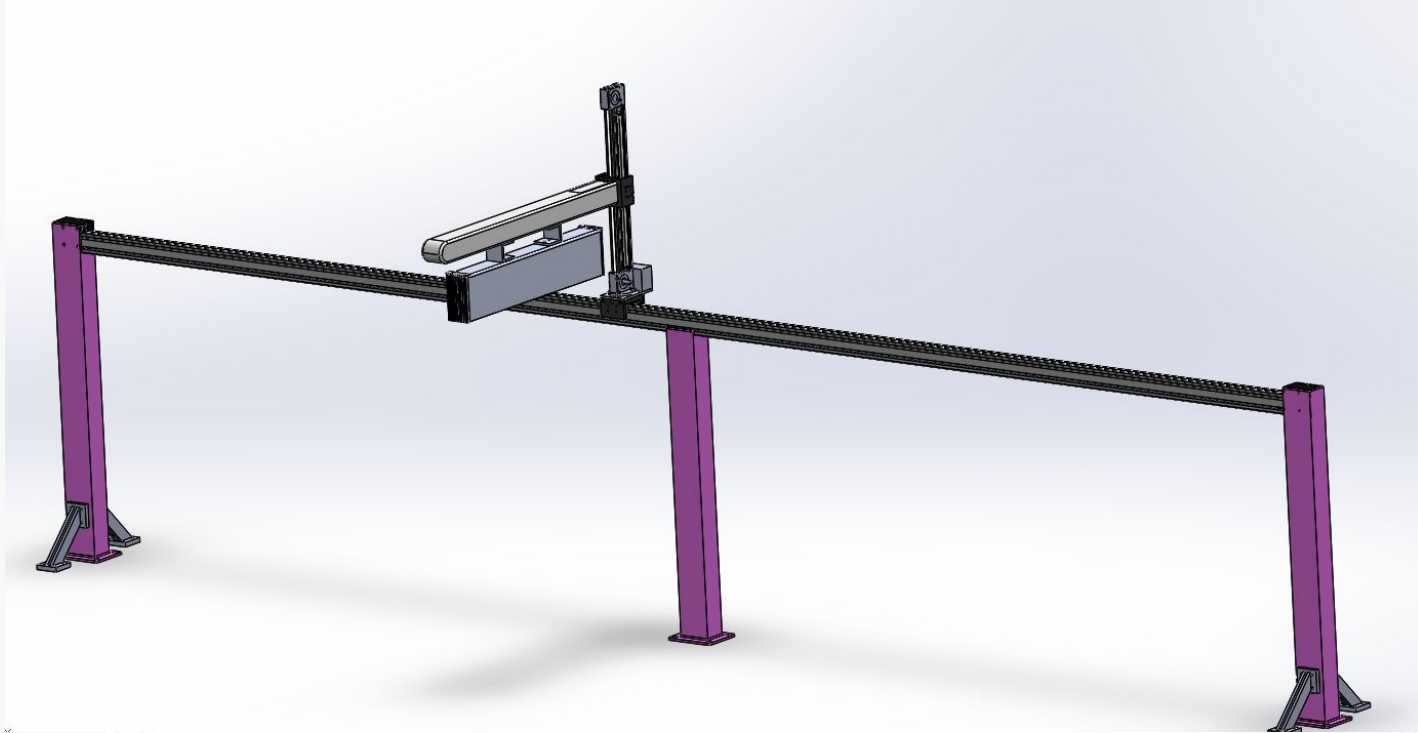
UV-C Bracket:  
Stress Analysis



UV-C Bracket:  
Amplitude Analysis



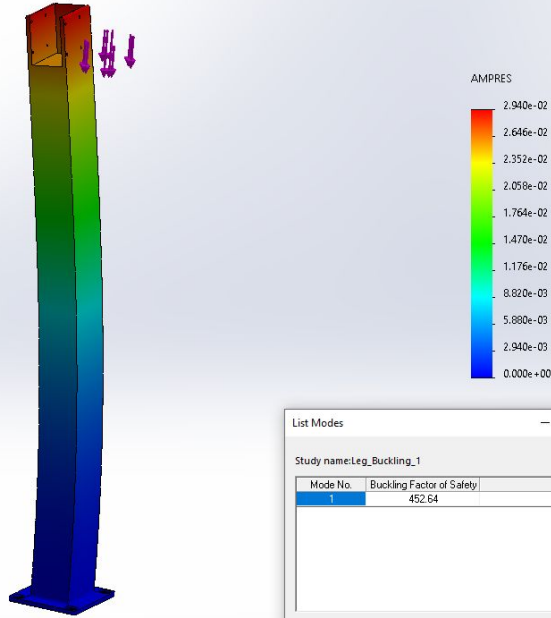
# FEA - Leg Support



*Support System: Support Legs*



# FEA - Leg Supports



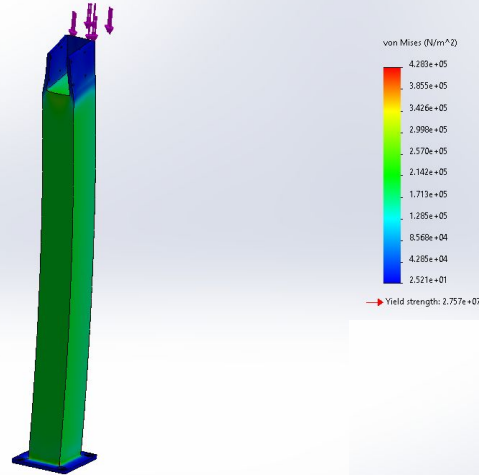
List Modes

Study name: Leg\_Buckling\_1

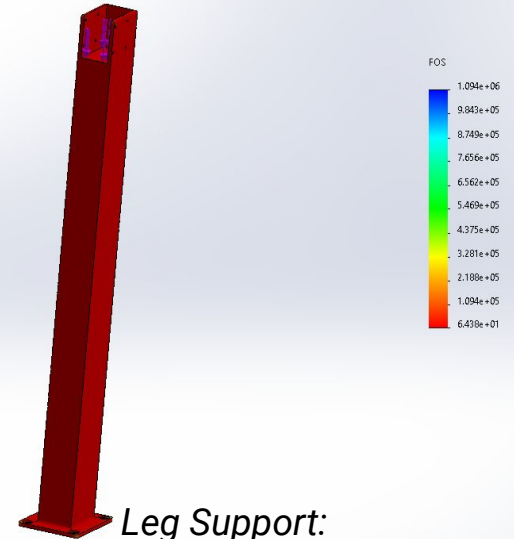
Mode No.	Buckling Factor of Safety
1	452.64

Close Save Help

*Leg Support:  
Buckling Force*



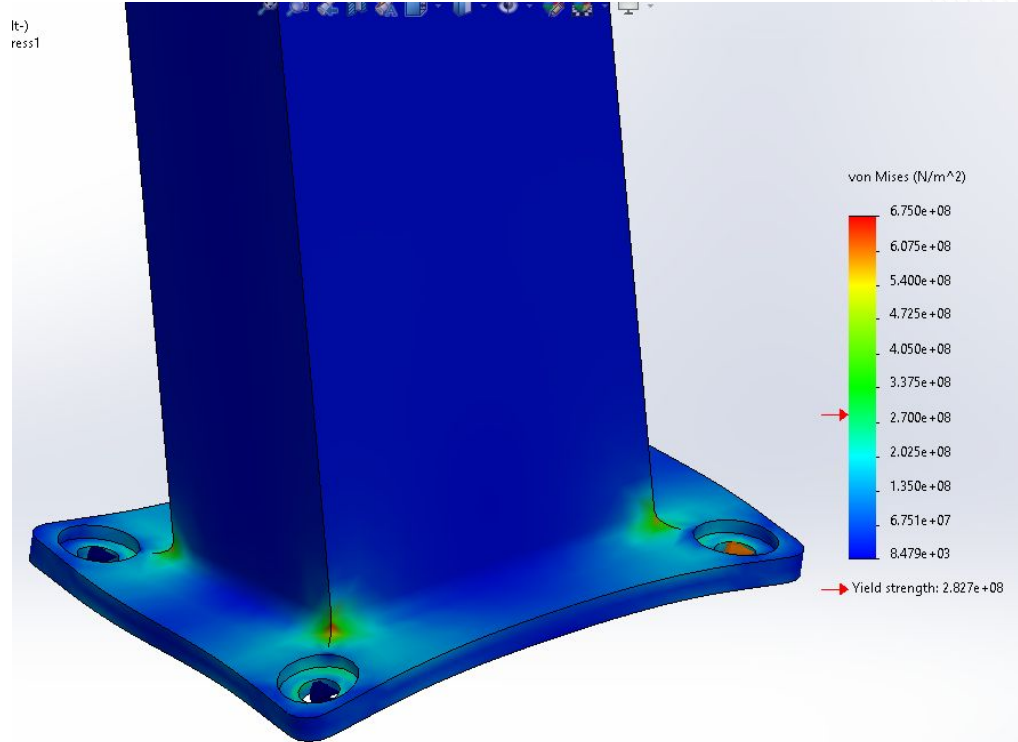
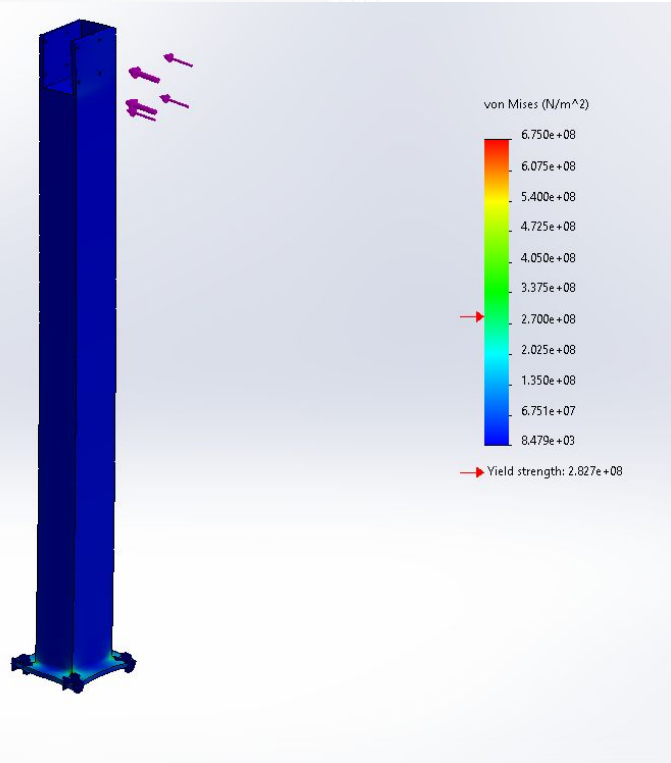
*Leg Support:  
Stress Analysis*



*Leg Support:  
Factor of Safety*



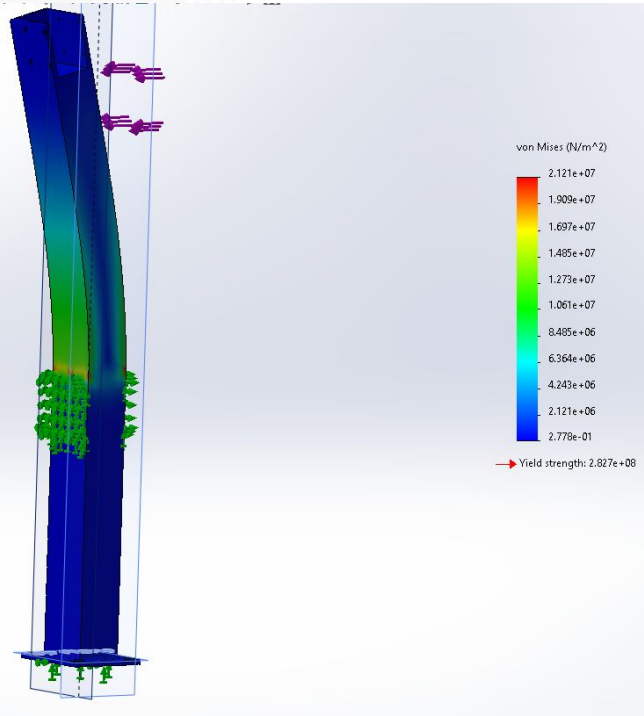
# FEA- Leg Tipping Force



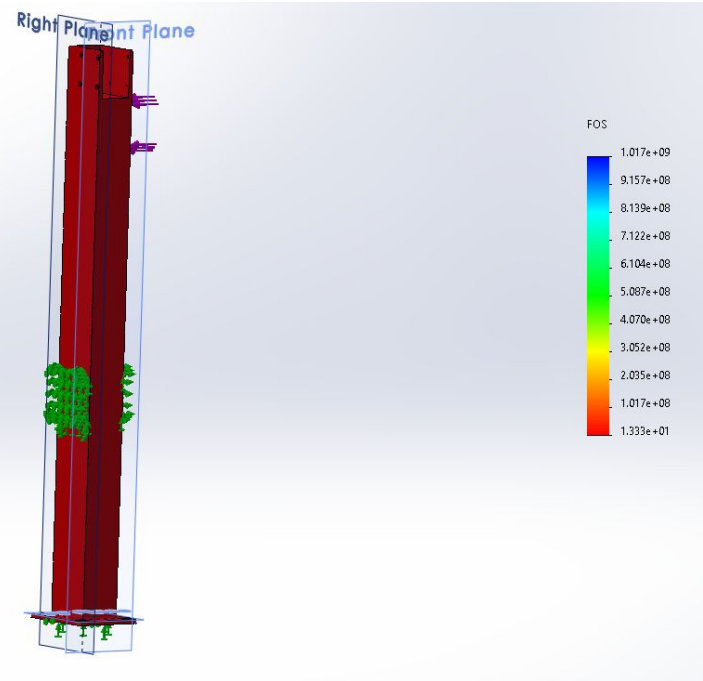
Leg Support: Tipping Force Analysis



# FEA- Leg Tipping with Side Leg Supports



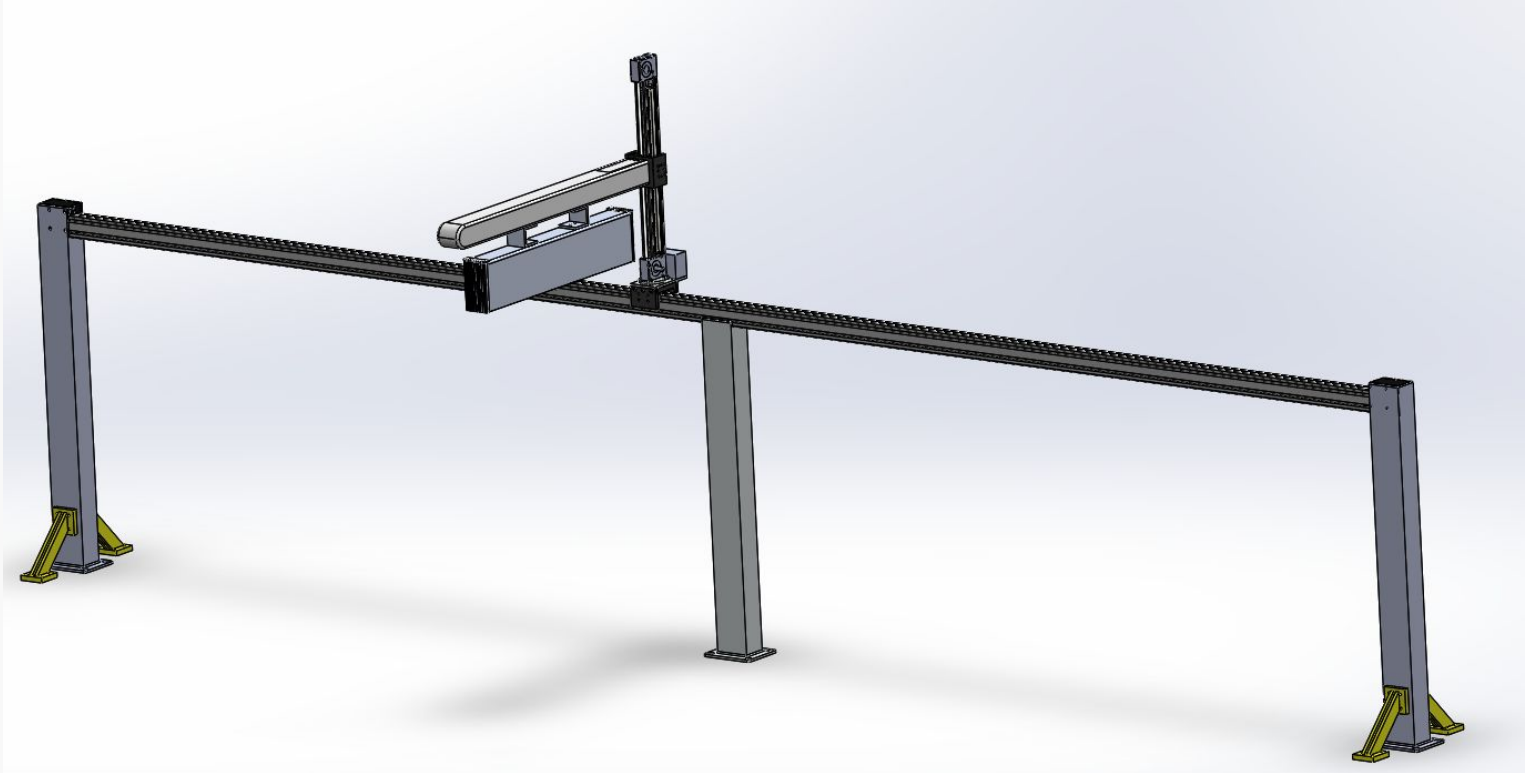
*Leg Support with Side Leg Support:  
Tipping Force Analysis*



*Leg Support with Side Leg Support:  
Factor of Safety Analysis*



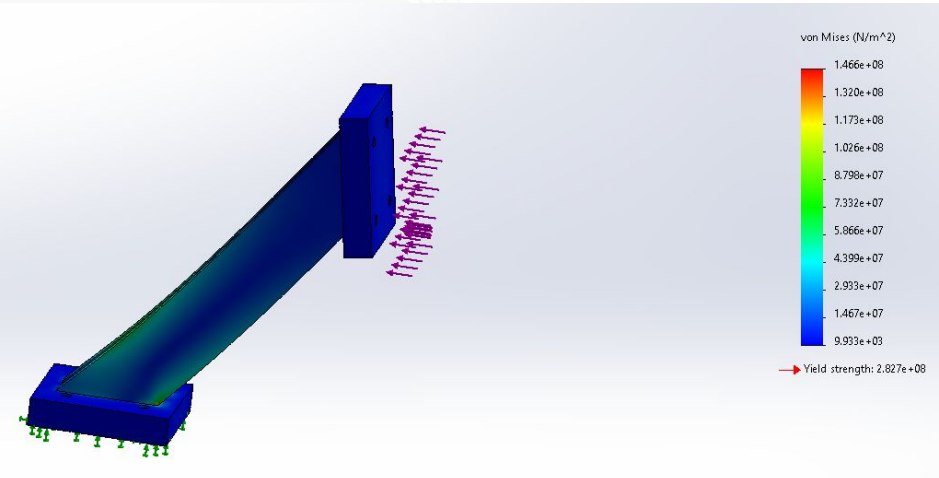
# FEA - Side Leg Support



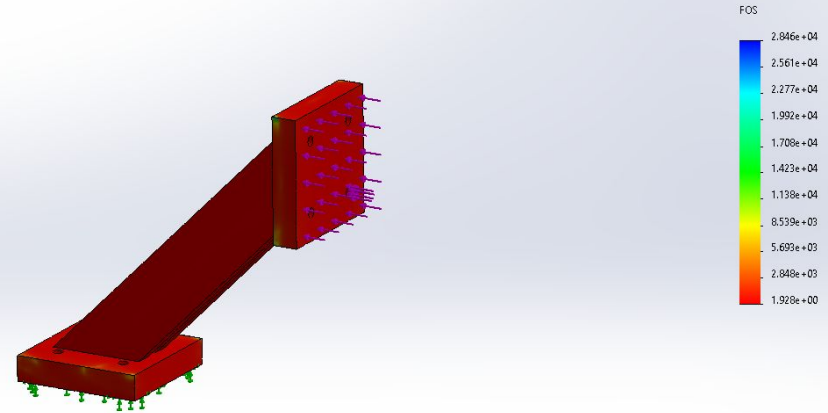
*Support System: Side Support Legs*



# FEA - Side Leg Support



*Side Leg Support:  
Stress Analysis*



*Side Leg Support:  
Factor of Safety*



# Chosen Fasteners

All required safety factors: **1.3-1.5**

- **Securing to Ground:** Stainless steel 316,  $\frac{1}{4}$ " diameter bolts
  - Required shear strength 1590 lb
  - Chosen bolt provides safety factor of 3.11
- **Securing Legs to Rails:** Grade-8 Steel with Coarse Threads  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " diameter, plated
  - Required withstandable torque 1101.02 ft-lbs
  - Safety factor of 1.86
- **Securing Support Arm:** Grade-8 Steel,  $\frac{7}{8}$ " diameter, 9 threads/inch
  - Required withstandable torque 388.404 ft-lbs
  - Safety factor of 1.55 allowing for lubrication



# Sight System



# Sight Sensor

- **Ultrasonic sensors** use sound for detection, and therefore are not prone to detection issues stemming from [16]:
  - Colors
  - Reflectivity
  - Transparency
  - Wet Surface
  - Dirty Surface
- Model a cost effective solution for  $\leq 1\text{mm}$  resolution



*Baumer U500.PA0.2-GP1J.72F Sensor [17]*



# Materials & Manufacturing



Component	Number	Vendor	Model/Material	Manufacturing Method	Selection Justification
UV-C Delivery Device Frame	1	N/A	Aluminum Alloy 1060	Casting	Low density, high melting point
UV-C LEDs	314	Luminus	XBT-3535-UV Surface Mount UVC LED	N/A	Best price per power at \$0.10/mW
UV-C Support Arm	1	N/A	ABS Plastic	3D Printing	Low weight, low cost for strength
UV-C Side Safety Cover	1	N/A	Rubber Silicone	3D Printing	Flexible, resistant to UV-C
Motion System Leg Supports	1	N/A	Carbon Steel	Casting	Meets strength requirements, more cost effective than stainless steel
Motion System “X-track”	1	Macron Dynamics, Inc.	MSA-628 Actuator	N/A	Resolution of $\pm 0.4$ mm/m of travel
Motion System “Z-track”	1	Macron Dynamics, Inc.	MSA-628 Actuator	N/A	Resolution of $\pm 0.4$ mm/m of travel
Motion System Horizontal & Pivot Motors	3	Oriental Motor	ARM46AC-PS25, 1.65” Closed Loop Stepper Motor	N/A	Capable of achieving required torque of 1.5 Nm, 0.0144°/pulse
Motion System Vertical Motor	1	Oriental Motor	ARM66AC-N25, 2.36 in. Closed Loop Stepper Motor	N/A	Capable of achieving required torque of 1.5 Nm, 0.0144°/pulse
Sight System Ultrasonic Sensor	2	Baumer	U500.PAO.2-GP1J.72F	N/A	Best price for range and $\leq 1$ mm resolution



# System in Action







# Safety, Cost, & Impact



# Safety, Risk & Liabilities

- Ultraviolet Light warnings to **avoid direct exposure**
  - Warning labels required
- Structural stability
  - Warning labels required
- Wiring
  - Routing, spooling, resolving **entanglement** issues, trip hazard
- Force sensors
  - Force transducers for **interference detection**
  - **Emergency stop**
- System operation warnings
  - Warning regarding process start
  - **Indicator** when operating
- Misuse, Mishandling
  - **Keycode** or other preventative measure so only employees may access
  - Indicator to show which carts are **clean**





# Cost Analysis

## Disinfectant Wipes

(Assumptions: 14 hours a day, \$7.25/hr labor, \$0.71/hr material)

- Daily Cost: \$111.44/day

## UltraLight System

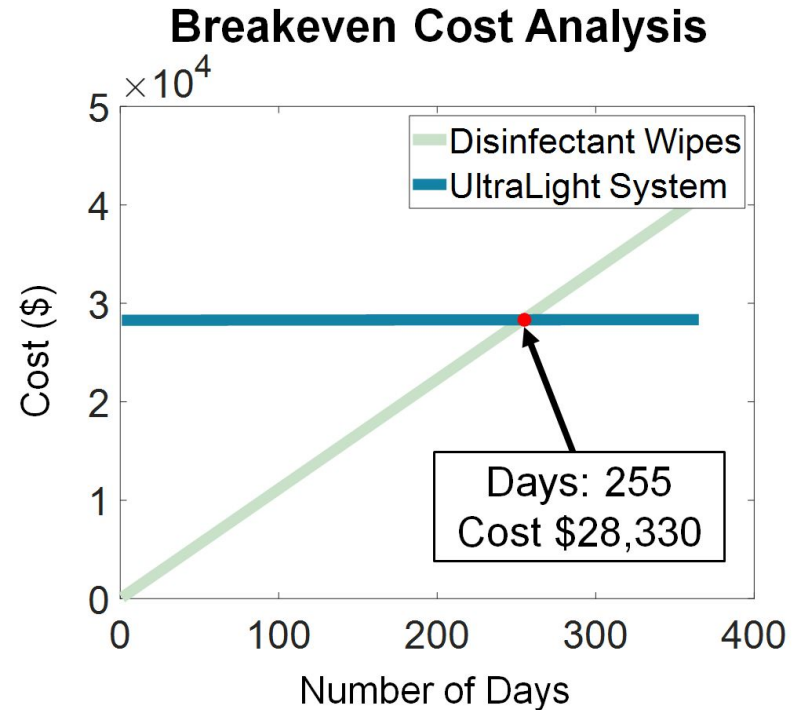
(Assumption: \$0.09/kWh)

- Initial Cost of System: \$28,284
- Daily Cost: \$0.19/day

Break-even Point: **9 months**

Yearly Savings: **\$40,606/year**

(Yearly Savings after break-even point)





# Impact

## **Societal Impact**

- Reduced pathogen spread with implementation
- Pre-existing insurance for future pandemics
- More affordable, accurate than pre-existing disinfection methods
- Higher customer confidence with minimum changes to experience

## **Environmental Impact**

- Unlike other types of UV, UV-C does not produce ozone
- Low risk of UV exposure for human contact

## **Sustainability Impact**

- Low energy, especially compared to other UV-C disinfection devices
- Zero-waste, unlike gloves, or disinfection wipes, or sanitizer fluids



# Future Work

## **“Nervous” system**

- Wiring (outsource the electrical system to an electrical engineer)
- Central control (“brain” to control systems)
- Start/stop controls, emergency stop functions

## **“Signals” system**

- Visual indicators to demonstrate when carts are clean or dirty
- Emergency sensors (force transducers)

## **Experimental validation**

- UV-C safety covers
- Disinfection rates
- Physical prototypes



# *UltraLight*

*99.9% Disinfection Rate in 35 Seconds*





# Wear a Mask!





# Questions?



# References

- [1] John Hopkins University, " COVID-19 Dashboad by the Center for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE) at John Hopkins University," *ArcGis*, 19-Jun-2020. [Online]. Available: <https://gisanddata.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/bda7594740fd40299423467b48e9ecf6>.
- [2] "COVID-19 pandemic in the United States," Wikipedia. [Online]. Available: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/COVID-19\\_pandemic\\_in\\_the\\_United\\_States](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/COVID-19_pandemic_in_the_United_States)
- [3] Reuse This Bag. (n.d.). *Contaminated Groceries, Exploring Bacteria in Food Stores*. Retrieved May 20, 2020, from <https://www.reusethisbag.com/grocery-cart-germs/>
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